How Fear of Retaliation Scares Residents into Silence

Eilon Caspi PhD

Webinar hosted by

Long Term Care Community Coalition

April 18 2023

Source of image: Canva/Katarzyna Bialasiewicz
Upcoming Report

"THEY MAKE YOU PAY"
How Fear of Retaliation Silences Residents in America's Nursing Homes

Source of image: Canva/Katarzyna Bialasiewicz
Acknowledgements

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- Richard Mollot, Eric Goldwein, and Hayley Cronquist of LTCCC
- Mairead Painter, Connecticut Long-Term Care Ombudsman
- State surveyors
- Nursing Home Inspect (ProPublica)
Most CNAs and Nurses Are Caring

“We love working with the residents, it gives us joy that we can assist them in the evening of their lives. We truly care for the residents and that honest care shows in the work we do.”

Source: Certified nursing assistants: The Foundation. Presented on May 14, 2018 at the Annual Meeting of the Massachusetts Alzheimer’s Association, Marlborough, MA.
Fear – Definition

“An unpleasant often strong emotion caused by anticipation or awareness of danger”

– Merriam-Webster Dictionary
Definitions

Fear of Retaliation

“A concern or feeling of vulnerability that one’s actions may cause retaliation by another.”

Retaliation

“An actual or perceived negative reaction of a person as a result of another person’s action or behavior.”

Source: Voices Speak Out Against Retaliation Instructor’s Guide
Retaliation
Definition

“Acts of retaliation / revenge by facility staff in response to complaint to the facility, Ombudsman program, or state survey agency.”

– Complaint Code D06

Source: National Ombudsman Reporting System
“Fear of retaliation is not something you can look up in a dictionary but if you live in a setting where you depend on others to care for you, you know exactly what it is.”

– Ronnie

Source: Voices Speak Out Against Retaliation training video (2010)
Nothing New in “Total Institutions”

Staff retaliation against people living in psychiatric hospitals:

“Looping”

“Hectoring”

“Mortification of the self”

“Sanctioning”

“Errors of resistance”

“Conversion”
Half a Century Ago in Nursing Homes

Staff Retaliation Against Residents

- Resident defecating on the floor or in a waste basket was abused
- Residents’ biting, punching, kicking or spitting at aides were, in the aides’ minds, an inexcusable and punishable behavior
- Resident “mentally confused” who “did not know any better” was placed into a tub of hot water to punish him for cursing the orderly

A resident in a nursing home in Ohio sustained severe lacerations on ear, skin tears, and bruising on his neck and hands.

When asked by staff who did it to him, the resident replied, “He’ll beat me up again if I tell you.”

Later, he identified a male aide who confessed to abusing him.

Source: U.S. House of Representatives (July 30, 2001). Abuse of Residents is a Major Problem in U.S. Nursing Homes
“This is why no one knows about these crimes.

It’s not because we don’t have a voice.

It’s because people in power deliberately choose not to listen.”

A study at UConn Center on Aging on residents’ fear of retaliation in Connecticut LTC homes

Survey Question
Do you worry about retaliation if you were to report a complaint or concern?

23% of nursing home residents reported they worry about retaliation if they were to report a complaint or concern

Additionally...
4% reported that they do not want to complain
1% reported not wanting to get people in trouble

Source: Robison et al. (2007; 2011)
Residents’ Responses

• “Yes, I heard a girl say that they know how to get even so I try to keep my mouth shut.”

• “Oh yeah, always. That’s why nobody makes a complaint. The administrator scares everyone and he’s very belittling and yells at people.”

• “Yes, there’s a lot of retaliation.”
Other Findings

Several residents completed in-depth interviews regarding retaliation and fear of retaliation.

Based on these interviews, the researchers found:

- Some instances of retaliation are *egregious* or highly visible, but *others* are more *subtle*.
- Many forms of retaliation may *not* even be *recognized* by residents or staff.
- *Worry about potential retaliation* was just *as fearsome* for some residents *as* the experience of *retaliation itself*.
- Those who felt conflicted about whether or not to report retaliation reported feelings of *hopelessness and despair*.
Study Conclusion

“Retaliation and the fear of retaliation is a reality in any supportive housing situation.”

Robison et al. (2007; 2011)
“This is a human rights issue. Vulnerable adults with complex medical issues are being retaliated against for the simple act of speaking up. Someone needs to take the lead here and stop the practice.”

– Cheryl Hennen, Minnesota LTC Ombudsman Program

Source: Serres (2017)
“We constantly hear about retaliation fears and actual harm to residents, families and staff. This is a rapidly escalating problem that results in inconceivable suffering and it must be stopped.”

– Kristine Sundberg, Executive Director, Elder Voice Advocates
“Fear of retaliation is one of the most common reasons residents do not want to pursue a complaint and disclose their identity.

Since residents live in a facility and rely on staff for their basic needs, their fear of retaliation cannot be overemphasized.”

– The National Long Term Care Ombudsman Resource Center (2018)
“44% of the residents who had seen abuse of other residents did not report it.”

Half of the residents did not report it due to fear of retaliation.

Source: Atlanta Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program (2000).

“The threat of retaliation not only terrifies residents..., it discourages them and their families from taking steps that would protect their rights or enforce public regulations”

– Chris Serres, Star Tribune, 2017
Project’s Goals

Identify the circumstances surrounding and manifestations of:

1. Residents’ fear of staff retaliation
2. Residents’ allegations of staff threats of retaliation
3. Residents’ perceptions of staff retaliation
4. Actual (confirmed) staff retaliation
5. Emotional consequences of 1-4 above
Overarching Goals

1. Raise awareness to this phenomenon

2. Call for policy, practice, and research action to address it

* The project did not aim to identify solutions
Barriers for Research on Mistreatment / Retaliation in Nursing Homes

- Administrators’ reluctance to grant permission to conduct research (liability / adverse publicity)
- Informed consent / Assessment of residents’ cognitive abilities
- Residents’ decline to participate research such as due to...fear of retaliation
- Prospective studies can be time intensive and expensive
One way to overcome these barriers

Statement of Deficiencies and Plan of Correction
(Form CMS-2567)

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<th>Statement of Deficiencies and Plan of Correction</th>
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<td>245183</td>
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<td><strong>(X2) MULTIPLE CONSTRUCTION</strong></td>
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<td>North Ridge Health and Rehab</td>
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<td>5430 Boone Avenue North New Hope, MN 55428</td>
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For information on the nursing home's plan to correct this deficiency, please contact the nursing home or the state survey agency.

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<th>(X4) ID PREFIX TAG</th>
<th>SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES</th>
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“It feels like a treasure hunt.

That form has been around since dirt. It is an old and hard to read form.”

“Who is going to look through it in a nursing home?

We need to better compare information. People don’t need to labor through it.

There are ways to do it more efficiently and transparently.

The more transparent we’ll be, the more it will inform and guide our work.”

Source: Wright & Tritz (2016)
Lack of Centralized Tracking

The aspects of retaliation examined in this project are not centrally tracked by CMS in 15,377 nursing homes.

Sometimes researchers can’t wait for datasets to be created and become readily accessible...

More accurately, residents can’t wait...
Nursing Home Inspect (ProPublica): 
https://projects.propublica.org/nursing-homes/

Search keyword: “Retal”

**Initial Dataset**
835 standard surveys and investigation reports (Form CMS-2567)

**Final Dataset**
- 100 standard surveys and investigation reports
- Completed between June 9, 2017 and September 27, 2022
- 100 nursing homes in 30 states
• Family fear of staff retaliation

• Staff fear of supervisors, managers, and co-workers’ retaliation

• Resident-to-resident retaliation

• Reports containing the word “Retaliation” but no relevant substance beyond it
1-page Summaries

Template

• Title

• Deficient practice(s) statement

• Brief background about resident(s) impacted (when available)

• Summary of relevant evidence

• Background about the nursing home
Background on Each Nursing Home

• Name of nursing home
• Federal provider ID
• Date investigation completed
• Type of deficiency issued
• Severity level
• Overall Quality Star Rating
• Staffing Ratings
• The “type of deficiency issued” was often not directly relevant to the 4 aspects of retaliation examined in this project.

• The “severity levels” were often not directly relevant to the suffering and harm reported by residents.

Caution is therefore needed when interpreting the findings related to these data elements.
Findings

Residents’ lived experience

In their own words

Illustration: Yuval Caspi
“I prefer to stay quiet to prevent retaliation”

“I am afraid they are going to retaliate against me”

“They make you pay”

“No matter what you say, they will make you pay for it”

“Can’t say their names. Don’t want to pay the price.”
“They will come at me”

“It backfires on you”

“Residents get chewed at when a concern is voiced”

“I feel like I am retaliated against when I complain”

“You did not want to be on the wrong side when it went off”

“I was worried that she would try to kill me by overmedicating me”
“It was like she was out for blood”
– Medication Aide describing verbally abusive retaliation by a CNA against a resident

“Never saw such evil”
– A staff member who witnessed cruel retaliatory physical abuse by a co-worker

A blind resident “put through hell” for reporting incorrect dosage of blood pressure medication

“If I told you what she has done to me, she would just make my life worse”

“I didn’t like to complain because it would come back to haunt me, the staff would retaliate”
“They would just gang up on you like a pack of wolves”

“Oh, it will come back on me. It would be abusive. It would be bad. She would figure out a way where I couldn’t defend myself.”

“I felt threatened for my life”

“Terrified of being evicted and feels powerless and helpless”

“This is my home. I do not want to live here, and I fear retaliation”
“I am literally afraid of her. She intimidates. Are you sure nothing is going to happen to me?”

“What am I supposed to do when you leave? I still must live here. I don’t want to talk anymore”
When Speaking with Ombudsman

Ombudsman:
“How come you won’t let us address these things?”

Resident:
“You get to go home. I have to stay here all weekend. And once you go home, everything changes.”

Source: Interview with Mairead Painter, March 16, 2023
During Interview with Surveyor

A resident stated that an aide pulled a mechanical lift harness roughly behind her.

The resident didn’t report it due to fear of retaliation.

The family member said that the resident told her to stay quiet about it.

The resident said, “You have to be careful of what you say around here, it will come back to you.”

When asked if she has ever been hurt, the resident would not answer, turned her head to the door, and said, “They are out there, they are listening to everything.”

When her family was talking, the resident said: “You don’t understand, you have to keep your mouth shut.”
Findings

1. Fear of Retaliation
Fear of Retaliation

Many residents were...

- Convinced their reporting on right violations, poor care, and mistreatment will result in staff retaliation

- Fearful (some terrified) for their safety if they were to speak up about care concerns and mistreatment

- Many chose to remain anonymous when reporting concerns and mistreatment to employees and state surveyors

- Some chose not to identify the alleged perpetrators for fear of retaliation

- Others chose not to speak at all about the violations of their rights, care, and mistreatment
Residents: “I felt threatened for my life.”

She “kept saying she felt threatened, her life was in danger” due to physical abuse the night before.

She didn’t report it due to fear of retaliation from aide.

To protect herself during the night, she kept her reacher by her side in the bed out of fear of the abusive aide.
Fear of Retaliation

• One resident stated that he was slapped on his head by a CNA. He didn’t want to say anything about it; adding the CNA “was bigger than him”

• Another resident was fearful due to an incident in which a CNA allegedly wrung a towel soaked with hot water on her private parts.
Some were so afraid of retaliation that they didn’t report mistreatment.

Thus, they remained mistreated and neglected (e.g., stayed in soiled adult depends for hours) to avoid retaliation by a particular employee.
“Fear is very powerful. It can paralyze some people to the point where they’ll let just about anything happen without reporting it.”

– Ronnie

Source: Voices Speak Out Against Retaliation training video (2010)
Giving Up

• Some residents gave up on trying to voice grievances after their grievances were continuously ignored or resulted in retaliation.

• One resident said,

  “Filing grievances was pointless as staff back each other up when asked about a situation and then become total terrors.”
“It was just part of being in a nursing home”

An anonymous resident said that agency staff were too rough, so mean, yelled at the resident and other residents, and did not care about the residents.

They began to cry and indicated they felt like they just had to let things roll under the rug, because it was just part of being in a nursing home.

The resident felt it did not do any good to tell anyone, because they kept bringing more and more agency staff, and if the residents did tell someone, the staff would just treat you worse.

The resident knew other residents felt the same way.

If the residents said anything about it, it just comes back on them.
Learned Helplessness - Definition

“A phenomenon in which repeated exposure to uncontrollable stressors results in individuals failing to use any controls options that may later become available.

Essentially, individuals are said to learn that they lack behavioral control over environmental events, which in turn, undermines the motivation to make changes or attempt to alter situations.”

– American Psychological Association’s Dictionary of Psychology
Mistreatment Perpetuated

- Fear of retaliation led to lack of reporting or delayed reporting of poor care and mistreatment
- Right violations, poor care, and mistreatment often remained uninvestigated
- In several cases, alleged perpetrators were allowed to have continued access to fearful residents
Gross Asymmetry of Power

• Extensive evidence of power imbalance in the context of residents’ fear of staff retaliation

• Many residents were physically dependent on extensive staff assistance with ADLs

• Study by Robison et al. (2011) found:
  Residents with worse health were more likely to express fear of retaliation

• Review of dozens of studies (Hirt et al. 2022) recognized:
  “The imbalance of power b/w residents not being able to draw attention on their experience of abuse and staff members probably not reporting abuse in order to protect themselves or their colleagues.”
2. Residents’ Allegations of Staff Threats of Retaliation

Residents reported experiencing various types of staff threats of retaliation:

- Threats to delay or not provide services and care
- Threats to neglect and abuse residents
- Threats of physical violence
- Threats of retaliation if a resident will report on being sexually abused
- Threats to discharge residents
Threat to Resident

A resident stated...

Staff had threatened the resident and his / her roommate if they complained to the survey team and said that once the Surveyors were gone, things would go back to the way they were.
A family member asked why the resident had not been showered, had his teeth brushed, and had his adult depends were soiled / not changed.

CNA:

“You better not call state (regulatory services) or it will be worse for the residents.”
Threat of Discharge

Friday at 4 PM

Without advance notice...

Residents were told “We’re moving you” to an all-men secure care unit

Against their will

Refuse to move?

Director of Nursing: “That’s where the 5-day [discharge] letter comes in”

“They came one day and said, ‘We’re moving you’ without any warning. I said, ‘No’ and the Administrator said he would kick me out, so I moved.”
Media Report

An 84 years old woman lived with her husband in a senior home in Minnesota. She suffered a “pulmonary condition so severe that her doctor ordered her to avoid smoke.” When she complained about smoking – which the care home rules prohibited...
The administrator threatened to evict them for “misbehaving” and “stirring up trouble.” “We were petrified. We were being labeled as troublemakers and had nowhere else to go.”

The couple could no longer live with the threat of eviction and the breathing difficulties from the exposure to smoke.
They eventually moved to a different assisted living...

The woman asked,

“How would you like to be forced out of the home where you’ve lived for 12 years?”
3. Residents’ Perceived Staff Retaliation

- Delays in care
- Neglect
- Psychological abuse (yelled at, cursed at, mocked, & received silent treatment)
- Confronted aggressively (“You reported me”)
- Physical abuse
- Forcing residents to do things against their will
- Harassment through one-on-one 24/7 supervision
- Other right violations
Residents’ Perceived Staff Retaliation

An anonymous resident told an LPN that something seemed off with their medications.

The LPN then became mean to them and one day:

The LPN came up behind the resident, leaned over to give them a hug, but then whispered in their ear:

“*She could beat the s*** out of me, and no one would know how she did it.*”

The resident said, “*I was terrified.*”

The resident was afraid to say anything, but finally had to when she noticed multiple medication discrepancies.
A resident alleged that an agency staff took a towel with feces and placed it on her nose.

The reason?

The resident did not want the aide to use paper towels to clean her.

She wanted her to use a towel.
“Can you believe that?”

“A while back I had to poop on myself because there was a wash basin with urine in it sitting on my toilet.”

“I had to urgently poop but first had to urgently move the basin filled with urine and it took too long and I ended up pooping on myself.”

After cleaning himself up, he took the wash basin, placed it on the desk at the nursing station, and told staff why he did that.

Shortly after...
He smelled urine in his bedroom for two days...

He found the same basin with urine in it inside his bedside drawer
4. Actual (Confirmed) Staff Retaliation

Verbal / Psychological Abuse

- Harassing
- Intimidating
- Yelling
- Cursing
Actual (Confirmed) Staff Retaliation

Physical Abuse

• While in bed, forcefully pulling a resident’s neck forward towards her feet causing pain and c-2 displacement requiring hospitalization

• Grabbing his pinky finger and bending it backwards toward his wrist until he screamed

• Shower scalding

• “Reflexive” slapping / punching
5. Emotional Consequences

• A wide range of negative emotional consequences were identified in the project

• While the severity varied, many residents suffered tremendously and were emotionally devastated

• Frustration, anxiety, fear, anger, sadness, depression, and helplessness were reported by many residents

• Residents felt disregarded, ignored, belittled, infantilized, and humiliated

• Some residents felt isolated and trapped (e.g. like “a prisoner in jail”)

A resident expressed concern about abrupt repositioning by an aide at night.

He “worried all day about what will happen at night.”

“When I get up in the morning, my biggest concern is what will happen in 12 hours when I go to bed at night.”

He declined to identify the aide due to fear of retaliation.
Feeling Scared

- Residents worried about their security and safety
- “I got scared the whole day” after staff verbal abuse
- Terrified after staff threats of physical abuse / violence
- A resident had “terror in their face” when recounting RN’s verbal abuse and physically injurious abuse. She said, “They almost broke me in half”
- Some feared for their lives (e.g. “Scared to death”)
- Helplessness due to inability to defend themselves from abuse / retaliation
- Worrying about the safety of other residents (e.g. roommates) and employees
Visibly Shaking

Resident A with moderate cognitive impairment had a bowel movement accident

Resident B stated that, a CNA responded by screaming at resident A for at least 10 minutes:

“G...... it man!
You’re too old for this s...!
I can’t believe you s... yourself again, you’re a f..... baby man!”

Resident A (the victim) was “so angry” and “visibly shaking” after the verbal abuse
Worry About Other Residents

A resident (cognitively intact) stated he was left soiled in urine & B.M. for over 30 minutes...

“Out of frustration of reporting issues or complaining, I prefer to stay quiet, to prevent retaliation.”

“My complaining is mostly for those who cannot advocate for themselves...

Because while being cognitive and verbal, I get this kind of treatment, it saddens me even thinking about the kind of treatment those who cannot speak and are not cognitive are getting.”
Residents felt treated as...

- “Less than a person”
- “Lowest form of life”
- “Staff acted like we were non-people. They don’t even acknowledge that we are human”
- “I’m not a piece of meat, I’m not a pile of dirt. I have rights.”
Dozens of direct resident quotes indicate:

The dignity of many residents was at risk or violated

Dignity:

“The quality or state of being worthy, honored or esteemed”
– Merriam-Webster Dictionary

Residents have a right to:

“a dignified existence” (F550)

“be treated with respect and dignity” (F557)
Physical Pain due to Retaliation

- A resident was pushed forcefully in her bed causing a c-2 dislocation requiring hospitalization
- Having one’s pinky finger bent backward toward their wrist until they screamed
- Being scalded during a shower
- One resident alleged that a staff member banged his head against the side rail (“really hard”) and that he/she then took a urinal and smashed it against his genitals over and over (“really hard”)
- An aide pressed a metal tray against a resident’s face (causing swelling and redness beneath eye)
- Being punched in the face (causing a bloody nose and mouth)
A resident with moderately impaired cognition was masturbating in a little room connected to the nursing area.

An RN went up to him, grabbed his penis, and screamed,

“If you don’t stop that, I am going to rip that thing off.”

Staff witness said: The resident screamed because the RN grabbed it so hard.
I asked Mairead Painter, Connecticut State Long-Term Care Ombudsman:

You went through the list of emotional consequences. As a State Ombudsman, what is your reaction to that in general?

Mairead:

“It is sickening, and it just shows we need to do a lot more education and outreach.”

Source: Interview held on March 16, 2023
Overall Quality
Star Rating
(1-5 scale)

Average (n=98): 2.80 / Somewhat below state average

Distribution:

1 Star (n=22)
2 Stars (n=25)
3 Stars (n=18)
4 Stars (n=16)
5 Stars (n=17)

Preliminary evidence suggests the phenomenon may exist in nursing homes across all Overall Ratings
Staffing Ratings (1-5 scale)

Average (n=96): 3.01 / At state average

Distribution:

- 1 Star (n=15)
- 2 Stars (n=21)
- 3 Stars (n=18)
- 4 Stars (n=32)
- 5 Stars (n=10)

Preliminary evidence suggests the phenomenon may exist in nursing homes across all Staffing Ratings.
Conclusion

A source of resident suffering and harm in U.S. nursing homes remains understudied and inadequately unaddressed.

The voice of many residents remains silenced.

It is time to break the silence (literally) and dangerous normalization of this phenomenon.
Practical Implications

• Develop, deliver, and evaluate educational / prevention programs

Educational programs are needed for:

• All care employees (direct & indirect), grievance officer, managers, and owners
• Residents
• Family members / Friends

• LTC Ombudsman Programs
• State Survey Agencies
• Law Enforcement
• Medicaid Fraud Control Units
Caution

Encouraging residents to “Speak up” without strong protections could harm them
CMS needs to...

• Educate residents and families about their rights

• Strengthen oversight / protections / deterrence / enforcement related to this phenomenon

• Centrally track all violations related to this phenomenon

• Launch a data-driven national campaign to address it
Connecticut’s Law
April 16, 2012

An Act Concerning Fear of Retaliation Training in Nursing Home Facilities

Requires

Annual in-service training on residents’ fear of retaliation in nursing homes

https://www.cga.ct.gov/2012/FC/2012SB-00137-R000419-FC.htm

Other states need to pass a similar law

Ensure new laws applicable also to assisted living residences...
Retaliation in Assisted Living

Resident with quadriplegia (paralysis of all 4 limbs)

Became upset about staff handling of mechanical lift transfer

Said he’s going to report it to management

Staff member overheard and responded by:

Physically threatening,
harassing, &
humiliating him

MDH investigation substantiated as Emotional Abuse:
https://www.health.state.mn.us/facilities/regulation/directory/ohfcfindings/hl20455015m.pdf
When crafting new legislation...
Expect and prepare for push back from LTC industry

“The premise of this bill is that, somehow, those of us who have dedicated our lives to caring for the frail elderly will now “retaliate” against them. It is an outrageous premise, frankly...”

– Martin Sbriglio, President and CEO, Ryder’s Health Management

March 8, 2012
"I am surprised that this is the culture. I am not aware that residents are afraid of voicing concerns..."

– Administrator
Ultimate Goal

Restore residents’ trust and confidence that they and their families would never fear staff or managers’ retaliation when speaking up about care concerns and mistreatment in LTC settings = Their home.

Ensure that their voice is heard and respected
Poem

Without the Voice of Elders:

https://changingaging.org/blog/without-the-voice-of-elders/

ChangingAging, February 9, 2021

Woodcarver: Eilon Caspi
The nursing home complaint process is:

“The front-line system for addressing consumer concerns”

“A critical safeguard to protect vulnerable residents”
Reminder II

Federal nursing home regulations state,

“The resident has a right to be free of interferences, coercion, discrimination, and reprisal from the facility in exercising his or her rights and to be supported by the facility in the exercise of his or her rights.”

Source: CMS (2023)
“You, the resident, do not give up any rights when you enter a nursing facility. The facility must encourage and assist you to fully exercise your rights.

Any violation of these rights is against the law.

It is against the law for any nursing facility employee to threaten, coerce, intimidate or retaliate against you for exercising your rights.”
Reminder III

Deficiency Citation F585. Grievances

“The resident has a right to voice grievances to the facility or other agency or entity that hears grievances without discrimination or reprisal and without fear of discrimination or reprisal.”
“Retaliation by staff is abuse, regardless of whether harm was intended, and must be cited”

– CMS (2023)

Zero tolerance for retaliation
“If you are afraid of anything...I don’t care how little or how big it is, you should be able to tell somebody. Whether it be for yourself or for someone else.”

– Mary (in video Voices Speak Out Against Retaliation, 2010)

“None of this will happen overnight. You must hold on to your ideas and always have the courage to speak your mind.”

– Carol A. Rosenwald (the driving force behind the first CT VOICES Forum in 1997)

Carol “envisioned a time when the voices of nursing home residents would be heard beyond the walls of their facilities”

– Amy Porter, Commissioner, CT Department of Aging and Disability Services, 2021
Resources

Connecticut Voices Speak Out Against Retaliation:

https://portal.ct.gov/LTCOP/Trainings/Voices-Speak-Out-Against-Retaliation

Voices Speak Out Against Retaliation **Training Video** (2010):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=feoQjI3W3_bc

Voices Speak Out Against Retaliation **Instructor’s Guide:**


Connecticut Long Term Care Ombudsman Program **VOICES Forum:**

https://portal.ct.gov/LTCOP/Content/Voices-and-Forums/Voices-Main
Fact Sheets

Nursing Home Residents’ Rights (National Consumer Voice for Quality LTC):

Resident Grievances (Long Term Care Community Coalition):


https://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1177/0733464810369810
Additional Slides
Call for Research

- Improve understanding of risk and protective factors
- Develop and evaluate staff / resident / family training programs
- Identify full spectrum of emotional & physical consequences on residents & families
- Examine leadership’s role in addressing the phenomenon
- Study the phenomenon among residents with dementia (at all stages)
- Develop and evaluate screening and assessment tool
Call for Research

- Study the phenomenon among families and friends of residents
- Study staff fear of supervisors, managers, and co-workers’ retaliation
- The role of the LTC Ombudsman Program need to be evaluated
- Evaluate the role of assistive technology in early detection / reporting
- Study the phenomenon also in assisted living residences
Other Findings
24 unique Ftags across 157 citations

The most common Ftags identified:

- **F600. Free from Abuse and Neglect (n=43)**
- **F585. Grievances (n=19)**
- **F550. Resident Rights / Exercise of Rights (n=15)**
- **F610. Investigate/Prevent/Correct Alleged Violation (n=15)**
- **F607. Develop/Implement Abuse/Neglect, etc. Policies (n=15)**
- **F609. Reporting of Alleged Violations (n=14)**
- **F565. Resident/Family Group and Response (n=7)**
Severity Levels \((n=100)\)

- “Minimal Harm or Potential for Actual Harm” \((n=67)\)
- “Actual Harm” \((n=14)\)
- “Immediate Jeopardy” \((n=12)\)
- “Actual Harm” and “Minimal Harm or Potential for Actual Harm” \((n=5)\)
- “Immediate Jeopardy” and “Minimal Harm or Potential for Actual Harm” \((n=2)\)